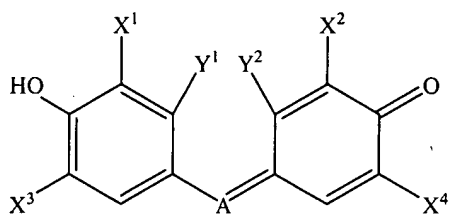


**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A compound having the structure:



wherein:

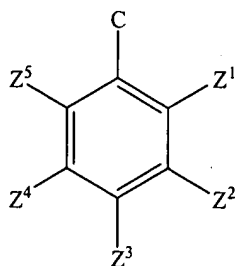
each of X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> is independently F, Cl, Br, or I;

X<sup>3</sup> is NHCH<sub>2</sub>R, or NHSO<sub>2</sub>R, wherein R is a five or six-membered heterocyclic ring;

X<sup>4</sup> is NHCH<sub>2</sub>R, or NHSO<sub>2</sub>R, wherein R is as defined above,

Y<sup>1</sup> and Y<sup>2</sup> taken together are -O-, -S-, -Se-, -CMe<sub>2</sub>-, -NH-, -NMe-, or -NPh-;

A is



wherein:

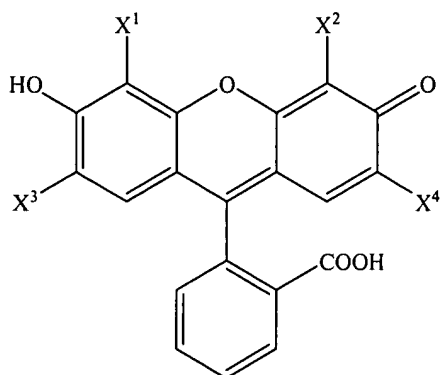
Z<sup>1</sup> is H, CO<sub>2</sub>H, or SO<sub>3</sub>H;

each of Z<sup>2</sup> and Z<sup>5</sup> is independently H, F, or Cl;

each of Z<sup>3</sup> and Z<sup>4</sup> is independently H, F, Cl, CO<sub>2</sub>H, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NCS, NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>I, SCH<sub>2</sub>OOH, SCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, (N-succinimidyl)oxycarbonyl, (N-

succinimidyl)oxycarbonylmethylthio, N-maleimidyl, or 3,5-dichloro-2,4,6-triazinylamino, or tautomers and physiologically acceptable salts thereof.

2. (Cancelled)
3. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $Z^1$  is  $\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ , and  $Z^2$ ,  $Z^3$ ,  $Z^4$ , and  $Z^5$  are each independently H.
4. (Previously Presented) A compound having the structure:



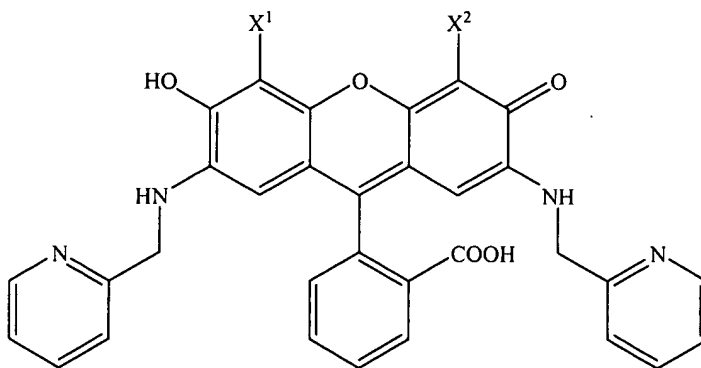
wherein:

each of  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  is independently F, Cl, Br, or I; and

$X^3$  and  $X^4$  are  $\text{NHCH}_2\text{R}$  or  $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}$ , wherein R is a five or six-membered heterocyclic ring.

5. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 4, wherein each  $X^3$  and  $X^4$  is independently  $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}$ .

6. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 4 having the structure



wherein:

each  $X^1$  and  $X^2$  is independently F, Me or Cl.

7. - 10 (Cancelled)

11. (Previously Presented) An adduct, comprising a product of bonding of the compound of claim 1 to a target sequence in the presence of a chelating substance including  $Zn^{2+}$  ion, wherein the adduct is capable of generating a detectable signal.

12. (Previously Presented) The adduct of claim 11, wherein the detectable signal is a fluorescent signal.

13. (Previously Presented) The adduct of claim 12, wherein the target sequence is a histidine-rich peptide sequence.

14. (Previously Presented) The adduct of claim 13, wherein the histidine-rich peptide sequence comprises 6 histidine residues.

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Previously Presented) A kit, comprising:

- (a) a compound of claim 1;
- (b) a chelating substance including  $Zn^{2+}$  ion; and
- (c) a target sequence,

wherein in the presence of  $Zn^{2+}$  ion, the compound of claim 1 is capable of binding to the target sequence in a recombinant fusion protein to generate a detectable signal, the target sequence comprising a histidine-rich peptide sequence.

17. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 16, wherein the target sequence comprises 6 histidine residues.

18. (Cancelled)

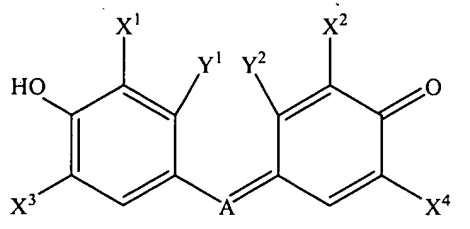
19. (Previously Presented) The kit of claim 16, wherein the detectable signal is a fluorescent signal.

20. (Previously Presented) A complex, comprising a product of reaction between:

- (a) a compound of claim 1;
- (b) a targeting sequence comprising a histidine-rich peptide sequence; and
- (c)  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$  ion.

21. (Previously Presented) The complex of claim 20, wherein the histidine-rich peptide sequence comprises 6 histidine residues.

22. (Previously Presented) A method of labeling a histidine-rich protein, comprising contacting a fusion protein including a native protein and a targeting sequence, in the presence of an effective amount of  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$  ion, with a compound having the structure:



wherein:

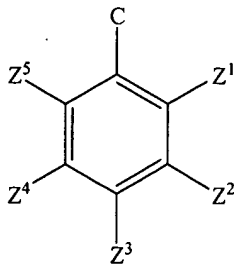
each of  $\text{X}^1$  and  $\text{X}^2$  is independently F, Cl, Br, or I;

$\text{X}^3$  is  $\text{NHCH}_2\text{R}$ , or  $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}$ , wherein R is a five or six-membered heterocyclic ring;

$\text{X}^4$  is  $\text{NHCH}_2\text{R}$ , or  $\text{NHSO}_2\text{R}$ , wherein R is as defined above,

$\text{Y}^1$  and  $\text{Y}^2$  taken together are -O-, -S-, -Se-, -CMe<sub>2</sub>-, -NH-, -NMe-, or -NPh-;

A is



wherein:

$Z^1$  is H,  $\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ , or  $\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ ;  
each of  $Z^2$  and  $Z^5$  is independently H, F, or Cl;  
each of  $Z^3$  and  $Z^4$  is independently H, F, Cl,  $\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ ,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_2$ , NCS,  $\text{NHCOCH}_2\text{I}$ ,  $\text{SCH}_2\text{OOOH}$ ,  $\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$ , (N-succinimidyl)oxycarbonyl, (N-succinimidyl)oxycarbonylmethylthio, N-maleimidyl, or 3,5-dichloro-2,4,6-triazinylamino, or tautomers and physiologically acceptable salts thereof, thereby labeling the histidine-rich protein.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the histidine-rich protein comprises 6 histidine residues.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the compound is capable of generating a detectable signal.

26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the signal is a fluorescent signal.

27. (Original) The compound of claim 5 having the structure:

